# **Specificity Study**

# (I) Purpose

To evaluate the specificity of CRT IgG/IgM test device.

# (II) Sample Preparation

Samples infected by the following diseases were used in the specificity study: Influenza A Virus, Influenza B Virus, Adenovirus, Rotavirus and Mycoplasma Pneumoniae. Each sample was tested in three triplicates by using one lot of CRT IgG/IgM tests.

# (III) Procedure

Each sample was tested in three triplicates by using one lot of CRT IgG/IgM tests. Read results at 15 minutes.

# (IV) Results

CRT IgG/IgM Test

Lot# 20N0080

Sample Type	Number of	Negative		Positive	
Sample Type	samples tested	lgG	IgM	IgG	IgM
Samples infected by Influenza A Virus	3	3	3	0	0
Samples infected by Influenza B Virus	3	3	3	0	0
Samples infected by Adenovirus	3	3	3	0	0
Samples infected by Rotavirus	3	3	3	0	0
Samples infected by Mycoplasma	3	3	3	0	0
Pneumoniae	5	5	5	0	0

# (V) Conclusion

All the samples showed no affect on the specificity of CRT IgG/IgM test device.

#### Interference Study

## (I) Purpose

To evaluate the interference compounds commonly appeared in human blood specimens.

### (II) Sample Preparation

All compounds were prepared in three levels of CRT IgG/IgM controls to defined concentration. Each compound in each level of controls was tested in three triplicates by using one lot of CRT IgG/IgM tests.

### (III) Procedure

Add the following substances to negative, weak positive and positive controls, to reach the defined concentration.

Substances	Concentration
Rheumatoid Factor	80 IU/ml
Bilirubin	342 µmol/L
Triglyceride	37 mmol/L
Hemoglobin	10 mg/mL

Acceptance criteria: No effect of listed substances at defined concentration in blood samples. If a compound shows interference that either cause negative to become positive or positive to become negative, do 2-fold dilution until the expected result is obtained. The non-interference concentration is set as the lowest concentration that gives expected result.

# (IV) Results

CRT IgG/IgM Rapid Test Part#

Lot# 20N0080

Substance	Concentration Tested	Negative		Weak Positive		Positive		Interfere	
		IgG	IgM	lgG	IgM	lgG	lgM	(Y/N)	
Rheumatoid Factor	80 IU/ml	N	N	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	
Bilirubin	342 µmol/L	N	Ν	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	
Triglyceride	37 mmol/L	N	Ν	Р	Р	Р	Р	Ν	
Hemoglobin	10 mg/mL	N	Ν	Р	Р	Р	Р	Ν	

# (V) Conclusion

The tested compounds were found not to interfere when tested at the desired concentrations.

#### Interference Study

## (I) Purpose

To evaluate the interference compounds commonly appeared in common drugs.

### (II) Sample Preparation

All compounds were prepared in three levels of 2019-nCoV IgG/IgM controls. Each compound in each level of controls was tested in three triplicates by using one lot of 2019-nCoV IgG/IgM rapid tests.

### (III) Procedure

Add the following substances to negative, weak positive and positive controls.

Histamine Hydrochloride	Oseltamivir	Arbidol	Meropenem
Interferon-α	Peramivir	Levofloxacin	Tobramycin
Zanamivir	Lopinavir	Azithromycin	
Ribavirin	Ritonavir	Ceftriaxone	

# (IV) Results

CRT IgG/IgM Rapid Test Part#

Lot# 20N0080

Substance	Negative		Weak Positive		Positive		Interfere	
	lgG	IgM	lgG	lgM	lgG	lgM	(Y/N)	
Histamine Hydrochloride	Ν	Ν	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	Ρ	Ν	
Interferon-α	N	Ν	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	
Zanamivir	N	Ν	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	
Ribavirin	N	Ν	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	
Oseltamivir	N	Ν	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	
Peramivir	N	Ν	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	
Lopinavir	Ν	Ν	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	
Ritonavir	Ν	Ν	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	
Arbidol	N	Ν	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	
Levofloxacin	N	Ν	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	
Azithromycin	N	Ν	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	
Ceftriaxone	N	Ν	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	
Meropenem	N	N	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	
Tobramycin	Ν	N	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	

# (V) Conclusion

The tested compounds were found not to interfere when tested.

# Accuracy Study

## (I) Materials

- 1. Three hundred and five specimens from healthy persons.
- 2. Two hundred and fourteen specimens from COVID-19 confirmed patients.
- 3. CRT IgG/IgM Tests

## (II) Method and Report

1. Test the three hundred and five specimens from healthy persons with the provided CRT IgG/IgM tests according to the instructions for use.

2. Test the two hundred and fourteen specimens from COVID-19 confirmed patients with the provided CRT IgG/IgM tests according to the instructions for use.

3. Record the results at 15 minutes.

#### (III) Acceptance Criteria

Clinical sensitivity: ≥85%

Clinical specificity: ≥ 85%

#### (IV) Results and Calculation

CRT IgG/IgM Rapid Test Part#

Lot# 20N0080

Calculation:

From 305 healthy patients 302 were correctly diagnosed as negative and 3 of them as positive (1 IgM positive and 2 IgG positive)

**Specificity** of IgG = IgG negative/ total number of samples= (305-2) / 305 \*100% =99.3% **Specificity** of IgM = IgM negative/ total number of samples= (305-1) / 305 \*100% =99.7%

Both IgG and IgM specificity meet the acceptance criteria.

Calculation:

From 214 positive patients 203 were correctly diagnosed as positive and 11 of them as negative.

Sensitivity of IgG/IgM = IgG/IgM positive/ total number of samples= (214-11) / 214 \*100% =94.86%

Sensitivity of IgG/IgM meet the acceptance criteria

Overall Accuracy = (302+203)/(214+305)\*100 = 97.30%

# (V) Conclusion

1. No invalid results were reported. Human error has been minimized so that CRT IgG/IgM test can be used easily.

2. Based on the calculation that specificity of IgG is 99.3% and IgM is 99.7%, the study results demonstrate CRT IgG/IgM tests meet the acceptance criteria and reach the high agreement with expected results.

3. With the facts that sensitivity of IgG/IgM is 94.86%, we conclude that CRT IgG/IgM rapid tests succeed in sensitivity performance with accurate results.

4. The Overall Accuracy rate was determined as 97.30 %.